ANNEXURE I: Harmonisation of Turnaround Time (TAT) and Customer Compensation for Failed Transactions Using Authorised Payment Systems

Details for Turn Around Times and customer compensation for failed transactions as prescribed for authorised payment systems under the RBI Notification on Harmonisation of Turnaround Time (TAT) and customer compensation for failed transactions using authorised Payment Systems, vide DPSS.CO.PD No.629/02.01.014/2019-20, dated September 20, 2019. It may be noted that :

- the prescribed TAT is the outer limit for resolution of failed transactions; and
- the banks and other operators / system participants shall endeavour towards quicker resolution of such failed transactions.

Wherever financial compensation is involved, the same shall be effected to the customer's account suo moto, without waiting for a complaint or claim from the customer.

Customers who do not get the benefit of redress of the failure as defined in the TAT, can register a complaint with the Reserve Bank - Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (as amended from time to time).

Clause No.	Title & Details	Payment Mode
2(c)	Card Transactions- Card Not Present (CNP) (e-commerce)- Account debited but confirmation not received at merchant's system.	Card Payments
3(a)	Immediate Payment System (IMPS)- Account debited but beneficiary account is not credited	Net banking
4(b)	Unified Payments Interface (UPI) - Account debited but transaction confirmation not received at merchant location (payment to merchant)	UPI
7 (a) and (b)	National Automated Clearing House (NACH)- Delay in crediting beneficiary's account or reversal of amount. Account debited despite revocation of debit mandate with the bank by the customer.	Mandates

For payment aggregators, the following clauses are relevant:

8 (a) and (b)	Prepaid Payment Instruments (PPIs)- Cards/ wallets Off-Us transaction	Wallet
	The transaction will ride on UPI, card network, IMPS, etc., as the case may be. The TAT and compensation rule of respective system shall apply.	
	On-Us transaction Beneficiary's PPI not credited. PPI debited but transaction confirmation not received at merchant location.	

The complete circular is accessible <u>here</u>. This is copied for reference below:

RBI/2019-20/67

DPSS.CO.PD No.629/02.01.014/2019-20

September 20, 2019

All Operators and Participants of Authorised Payment Systems

Madam / Dear Sir,

Harmonisation of Turn Around Time (TAT) and customer compensation for failed transactions using authorised Payment Systems

Please refer to the Statement on Developmental and Regulatory policies issued as part of Monetary Policy statement dated April 4, 2019 wherein it was proposed that the Reserve Bank would put in place a framework on Turn Around Time (TAT) for resolution of customer complaints and compensation framework across all authorised payment systems.

2. It has been observed that a large number of customer complaints emanate on account of unsuccessful or 'failed' transactions. Failure could be on account of various factors not directly attributable to the customer such as disruption of communication links, non-availability of cash in ATMs, time-out of sessions, non-credit to beneficiary's account due to various causes, etc. Rectification / Compensation paid to the customer for these 'failed' transactions is not uniform.

3. After consultation with various stakeholders, the framework for TAT for failed transactions and compensation therefor has been finalised which will result in customer confidence and bring in uniformity in processing of the failed transactions. The same is enclosed as Annex to this circular.

4. It may be noted that :

- the prescribed TAT is the outer limit for resolution of failed transactions; and
- the banks and other operators / system participants shall endeavour towards quicker resolution of such failed transactions.

5. Wherever financial compensation is involved, the same shall be effected to the customer's account suo moto, without waiting for a complaint or claim from the customer.

6. Customers who do not get the benefit of redress of the failure as defined in the TAT, can register a complaint

with the Reserve Bank - Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (as amended from time to time).

7. This directive is issued under Section 10(2) read with Section 18 of the Payment and Settlement Systems Act, 2007 (Act 51 of 2007) and shall come into effect from October 15, 2019.

Yours faithfully

(P. Vasudevan)

Chief General Manager

Encl. : As above

Annex

(Annex to Circular DPSS.CO.PD No.629/02.01.014/2019-20 dated September 20, 2019)

Harmonisation of Turn Around Time (TAT) and customer compensation for

failed transactions using authorised Payment Systems

General Instructions covering the TAT :

1. The principle behind the TAT is based on the following :

- 1. If the transaction is a 'credit-push' funds transfer and the beneficiary account is not credited while the debit to originator has been effected, then credit is to be effected within the prescribed time period failing which the penalty has to be paid to the beneficiary;
- 2. If there is delay in initiation of a transaction at the originator bank's end beyond the TAT, then penalty has to be paid to the originator.

2. A 'failed transaction' is a transaction which has not been fully completed due to any reason not attributable to the customer such as failure in communication links, non-availability of cash in an ATM, time-out of sessions,

etc. Failed transactions shall also include the credits which could not be effected to the beneficiary account on account of lack of full information or lack of proper information and delay in initiating a reversal transaction.

3. Terms like, Acquirer, Beneficiary, Issuer, Remitter, etc., have meanings as per common banking parlance.

4. T is the day of transaction and refers to the calendar date.

5. R is the day on which the reversal is concluded and the funds are received by the issuer / originator. Reversal should be effected at the issuer / originator end on the same day when the funds are received from the beneficiary end.

6. The term bank includes non-banks also and applies to them wherever they are authorised to operate.

7. Domestic transactions i.e., those where both the originator and beneficiary are within India are covered under this framework.

Harmonisation of Turn Around Time (TAT) and customer compensation for

Sr.			-	
No.		Framework for auto-reversal and compensation		
	Description of the incident	Timeline for auto-reversal	Compensation payable	
I	II	111	IV	
1	Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) including Micro-ATMs			
		Pro-active reversal (R) of failed	₹ 100/- per day of delay beyond T	
	Customer's account debited	transaction within a maximum	+ 5 days, to the credit of the	
a.	but cash not dispensed	of T + 5 days	account holder	
2	Card Transaction			
	Card to card transfer	Transaction to be reversed (R)		
	Card account debited but the	latest within T + 1 day, if credit		
	beneficiary card account not	is not effected to the	₹ 100/- per day of delay beyond T	
a.	credited.	beneficiary account	+ 1 day.	
	Point of Sale (PoS) (Card			
	Present) including Cash at PoS			
	Account debited but			
	confirmation not received at			
	merchant location i.e.,			
b.	charge-slip not generated.			

failed transactions using authorised Payment Systems

	Card Not Present (CNP)		
	(e-commerce)		
	Account debited but		
	confirmation not received at		
c.	merchant's system.		
3	Immediate Payment System (IMPS)		
		If unable to credit to	
	Account debited but the	beneficiary account, auto	
	beneficiary account is not	reversal (R) by the Beneficiary	₹100/- per day if delay is beyond T
a.	credited.	bank latest on T + 1 day.	+ 1 day.
4	Unified Payments Interface (UPI)		
		If unable to credit the	
	Account debited but the	beneficiary account, auto	
	beneficiary account is not	reversal (R) by the Beneficiary	₹100/- per day if delay is beyond T
a.	credited (transfer of funds).	bank latest on T + 1 day	+ 1 day.
	Account debited but		
	transaction confirmation not		
	received at merchant location		₹100/- per day if delay is beyond T
b.	(payment to merchant).	Auto-reversal within T + 5 days.	+ 5 days.
5	Aadhaar Enabled Payment System (including Aadhaar Pay)		
	Account debited but		
	transaction confirmation not		
a.	received at merchant location.		
	Account debited but		
	beneficiary account not	Acquirer to initiate "Credit	₹100/- per day if delay is beyond T
b.	credited.	Adjustment" within T + 5 days.	+ 5 days.
6	Aadhaar Payment Bridge System (APBS)		
	Delay in crediting beneficiary's	Beneficiary bank to reverse the	₹100/- per day if delay is beyond T
a.	account.	transaction within T + 1 day.	+ 1 day.
7	National Automated Clearing House (NACH)		

		Beneficiary bank to reverse the	
	Delay in crediting beneficiary's	uncredited transaction within T	
a.	account or reversal of amount.	+ 1 day.	
	Account debited despite	Customer's bank will be	
	revocation of debit mandate	responsible for such a debit	
	with the bank by the	Resolution to be completed	₹100/- per day if delay is beyond T
b.	customer.	within T + 1 day.	+ 1 day.
8	Prepaid Payment Instruments (PPIs) – Cards / Wallets		
	Off-Us transaction		
	The transaction will ride on UPI, card network, IMPS, etc., as the case may be. The TAT and		
a.	compensation rule of respective system shall apply.		
	On-Us transaction		
	Beneficiary's PPI not credited.		
	PPI debited but transaction		
	confirmation not received at	Reversal effected in Remitter's	₹100/- per day if delay is beyond T
b.	merchant location.	account within T + 1 day.	+ 1 day.